

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Austria

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CONSOLAN WETTERSCHUTZFARBE Dunkelbraun

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : CONSOLAN WETTERSCHUTZFARBE Dunkelbraun

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Professional use Consumer use
Uses advised against
None

Product use : Waterborne coating for exterior use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Akzo Nobel Coatings GmbH
Aubergstrasse 7
A-5161 Elixhausen
Telefon: +43 (0)810 / 500 138
Telefax: +43 (0)662 / 489 89 11
www.xyladecor.at

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : sdbinfo@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number : +43 1 406 43 43

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Date of previous issue : No previous validation

1/21

AkzoNobel

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

- General** : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Prevention** : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- Response** : Not applicable.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** : Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one and CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	EC: 203-489-0 CAS: 107-41-5 Index: 603-053-00-3	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
vinyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119471301-50 EC: 203-545-4 CAS: 108-05-4 Index: 607-023-00-0	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 (oral) STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
ammonia	EC: 215-647-6 CAS: 1336-21-6	≤0.3	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5% M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	(dusts and mists)] = 0.5 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 10	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0	≤0.023	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1]
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 EC: 911-418-6 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: C ≥ 0.6% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 0.6% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures
- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene
- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations
- : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). CEIL: 49 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 49 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
vinyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021). CEIL: 35.2 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. TWA: 17.6 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 10 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
ammonia	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 14 mg/m³ 8 hours. Spitzenbegrenzung: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Spitzenbegrenzung: 36 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro-2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.8 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	42 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	44.4 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	49 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	49 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.42 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.42 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
vinyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.07 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
IPBC					

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
bronopol (INN)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.004 mg/cm²	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.004 mg/cm²	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.008 mg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.008 mg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.8 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
vinyl acetate	Fresh water	0.016 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.002 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	0.067 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.007 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	0.004 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
- Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state

: Liquid.
- Color

: Brown.
- Odor

: Characteristic.
- Odor threshold

: Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point

: Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: 100°C (212°F)
- Flammability

: Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit

: Greatest known range: Lower: 2.6% Upper: 12.6% (propane-1,2-diol)
- Flash point

: Closed cup: 70°C (158°F) [Pensky-Martens]
- Auto-ignition temperature

:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	215	419	DIN 51794
2,2' -oxybisethanol	229	444.2	DIN EN 14522-S
2-ethoxyethanol	235	455	EU A.15

- Decomposition temperature

: Not available.
- pH

: 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%] [DIN EN 1262]
- Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): 2494 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]
- Solubility(ies)

:

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

: Not applicable.
- Vapor pressure

:

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ammonia	360.03	48	EU A.4			
vinyl acetate	84.76	11.3				
glyoxal	15.15	2				

Relative density : 1.203

Vapor density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm : 0

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8560 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1299 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3097 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3700 mg/kg	-
vinyl acetate	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Guinea pig	6200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	1550 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	2500 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11400 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2335 mg/kg	-
ammonia	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	91 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1150 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
terbutryn	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	554 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	699 mg/kg	-
bronopol (INN)	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3884 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2045 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	800 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	4750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	64 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	32.8 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	15500 µg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	22 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	26 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	48 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	37400 µg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	194 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	190 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	180 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	267 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	254 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	342 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	116 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	200 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

vinyl acetate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
IPBC	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05
terbutryn	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bronopol (INN)	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	100	50	N/A	N/A	0.05

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	465 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 465 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
ammonia	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 ug	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	44 ug	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 mg	-
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
vinyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
ammonia	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
IPBC	Category 1	-	larynx

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact : No specific data.
- Inhalation : No specific data.
- Skin contact : No specific data.
- Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
- General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	Acute EC50 2800000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3200000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3300000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10700000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 14000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
vinyl acetate	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19730 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
	Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water	Crustaceans - Neomysis mercedis - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
ammonia IPBC	Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
	Acute EC50 97 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.24 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute LC50 10 to 20 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 540 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.75 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.1 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.1 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Fragilaria capucina ssp. rumpens	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
terbutryn	Acute EC50 2.7 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours

SECTION 12: Ecological information

bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 2.66 ppm Fresh water	subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 7100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
		Crustaceans - Pacifastacus	48 hours
		leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius carassius	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.5 ppm Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.82 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus	96 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 0.41 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Navicula pelliculosa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	0.58	-	low
vinyl acetate	0.73	3.16	low
terbutryn	3.74	-	low
bronopol (INN)	0.18	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
- Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 12	waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11

Packaging

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Disposal considerations** : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.6 Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture : Not available.

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
vinyl acetate	Austria Occupational Exposure Limits	Vinylacetat; Essigsäurevinylester	Carc. B	-

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Biocidal products regulation

VbF class : A III
Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

SECTION 16: Other information	
H335 H351 H372 H400 H410 H411 H412 EUH071	May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A Skin Sens. 1B STOT RE 1 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3
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Notice to reader

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SECTION 16: Other information